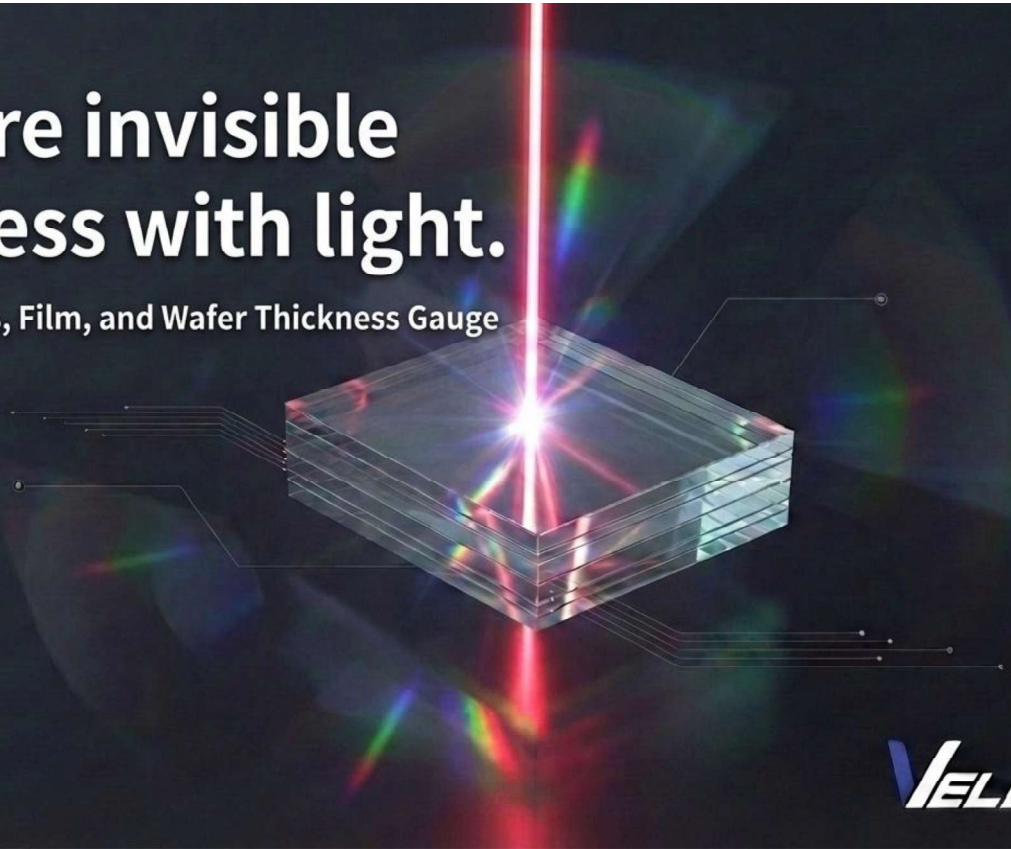


**Measure invisible
thickness with light.**

V-Gauge Lens, Film, and Wafer Thickness Gauge



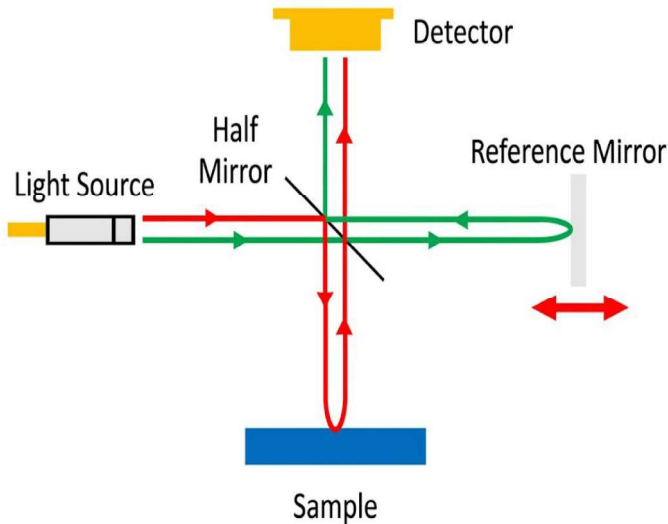
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V-Gauge

Overview

Uses light interference to measure thickness with sub-micron accuracy, non-contact.



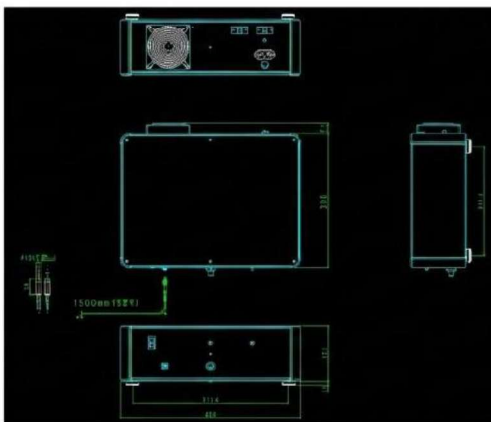
What is the V-Gauge Lens, Film, and Wafer Thickness Gauge?

- It is a **linear scanning method** measuring instrument that applies the principle of OCT (Optical Coherence Tomography).
- Light is split between the sample and a reference mirror, and the “**interference**” of the reflected light is observed to reveal the **depth** (thickness) and **internal structure** of the target object **non-destructively** and **non-contact**.
- Compatible with single lenses, lens groups, and balsam thickness (11µm or more).

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Specifications

Employs a linear scanning method, enabling a wide range of measurements from plastic wrap to 16mm thick materials.



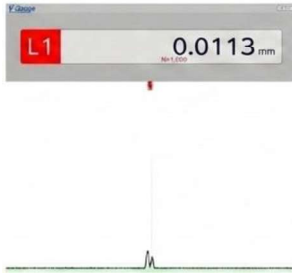
Basic Specifications	
Measurement Targets	Glass, Film, Pipe, Si Wafer
Measurement Range	11µm (Plastic wrap) ~ 16mm (BK-7)
Resolution	Sub-micron
Repeatability	±1µm (Room temperature ±3°C)
Measurement Spot Size	Φ400µm or less
Additional Features	Calculation of “Refractive Index” based on measured thickness

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Case01

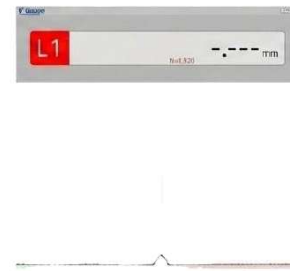
Ultra-thin Film Measurement: Accurately capturing thicknesses down to the 11 μ m limit.

Commercial Wrap Film



Measurement result: 0.0113mm (11.3 μ m) /
Refractive index n=1.600.
Two interference peaks clearly appear, proving that
the boundaries of the ultra-thin layer can be identified.

Condom



Peaks merge because the thickness is 11 μ m or
less. This indicates the thickness is 0.01mm or less,
as displayed.

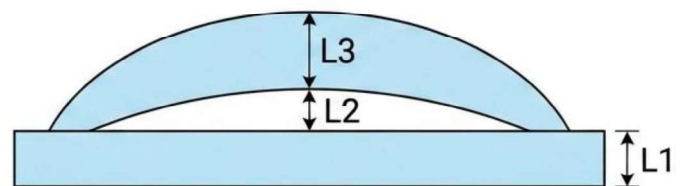
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Case02

Multi-Layer and Air Gap Measurement: Simultaneously measures not only glass layers but also the air gap (space) between them.

Measurement with a convex meniscus lens placed on a glass plate.

- Convex meniscus lens on a glass plate.
- L1 Glass plate 0.55mm
- L2 Air gap between glass plate and lens back surface (SAG)
- L3 Distance between lens back surface and lens top surface (Lens thickness)



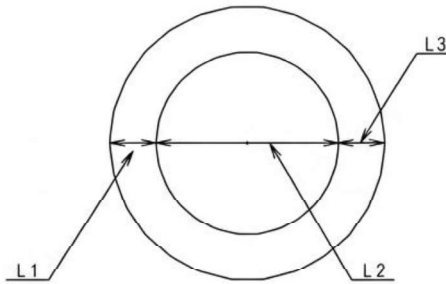
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Case03

Curved & Pipe Shapes: Measures the wall thickness and inner diameter of quartz pipes, etc., with precision equal to or better than a vernier caliper.



Physical measurement with a vernier caliper ($\phi 18$ pipe)



L1=Front wall thickness /
L2=Inner diameter /
L3=Back wall thickness



OCT measurement waveform of $\phi 18$ pipe (Layers are clearly separated)

Case04

Liquid Boundary Detection: Utilizing refractive index differences to distinguish layered structures of liquids and solids.

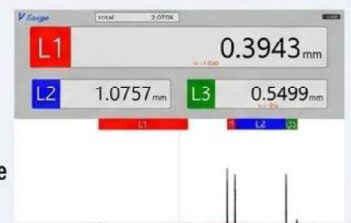


Oil and Substrate Boundary Detection Experiment

【Oil + Si (Silicon)】

→ Boundary Peak “Appears”.

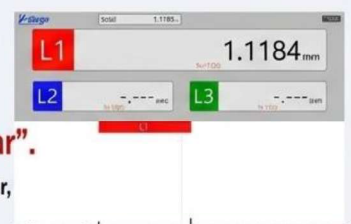
Reason: Due to the large refractive index difference between Oil and Si, their respective thicknesses (L1, L2) can be measured separately.



【Oil + BK7 (Glass)】

→ Boundary Peak “Does Not Appear”.

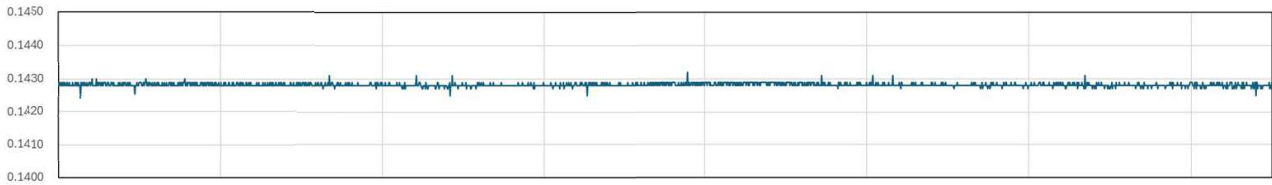
Reason: Because their refractive indices are similar, they are detected as a combined thickness.



Case05

Long-term Stability: Maintaining sub-micron accuracy even during continuous measurement over several days.

V-Gauge 0.143mm Silicon Continuous Measurement (2025.11.02 Evening - 11.04 Morning)



Data from approximately 2 days of continuous measurement of silicon (0.143mm). Demonstrates extremely high stability with a standard deviation of 0.00007mm (0.07 μ m).

※ Provides reliability suitable for inline integration, even under environmental factors such as room temperature changes.

Average	0.1428
Standard Deviation	0.00007
Maximum	0.1432
Minimum	0.1424

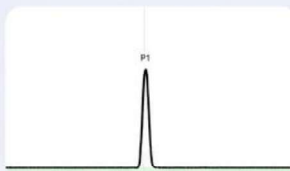
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Case06

Non-destructive Inspection of Organic Materials: Visualizing Differences in Internal Structures of Akoya and Freshwater Pearls via Waveforms.

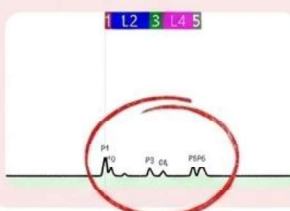


V-Gauge Pearl Measurement Setup



Akoya Pearl / Freshwater Pearl

Only a single strong peak (P1) appears. This indicates that reflection at the surface is dominant.



Akoya Sample (Multi-layered Structure/Coating)

Numerous fine peaks appear due to internal multiple layers. It is possible to non-destructively distinguish the pearl's "maki" (nacre thickness) and differences in internal structure.

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Contact

- We welcome inquiries about sample measurements and customization. Please feel free to contact us.
- On our website, you can find information on V-Gauge as well as our other products, including EAGLE (Autocollimator) and Q-PEA (Space Charge Measurement System).



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